# Bureau of Air Revenue Stabilization

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### Current Fee Overview

#### Construction Permit and Approval Fees

- Fees based on capital cost of project
- Fees stagnant for 20 years
- Some funding may be used as match

#### Operating Permit and Renewal Fees

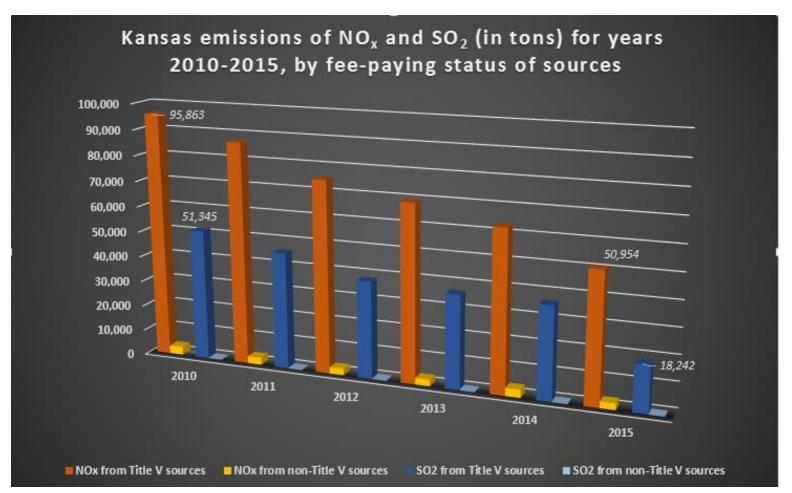
- · Class I sources renew every 5 years; Class II's do not renew
- Fees stagnant for 20 years
- Funding not usable as match

#### Emission Fees

- Currently \$37 per ton with 4,000 ton cap for Class I (since 2010)
- Continual decline in emissions
- Funding issue with match
- Below EPA presumptive and below neighboring states

### Fee Issues

- Cyclic nature of revenue
- Match and Maintenance Of Effort for Federal 105 Grant
- Revenue decline from emission reductions and State General Fund
- Equity of fees relative to work performed
- Sufficient resources to maintain program



	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
NOx from Title V sources	95,863	86,841	75,113	69,228	62,923	50,954
NOx from non-Title V sources	3,205	2,838	2,542	2,597	3,163	2,558
SO2 from Title V sources	51,345	45,640	38,024	36,568	36,233	18,242
SO2 from non-Title V sources	148	143	127	139	138	121

Our Mission: To protect and improve the health and environment of all Kansans.

### Air Quality Fee Fund Trend

- Assumptions for projection 2017 2021
  - \$50,000 per year in fines
  - Vacancies filled
  - No expansion in personnel
  - Minimal growth in operating costs
  - \$300,000 in construction permit fees starting in 2018
  - Maintain \$37/ton emission fee
- Currently have strong balance in fee fund
- Balance drops quickly in future years

# Air Quality Fee Fund Balance from 2012 to 2021 with Emission Fee of \$37/ton



### Path Forward

- Phase I Construction Permit and Approval Applicability and Fees
  - K.A.R. 28-19-300 & K.A.R. 28-19-304
  - Through External Review
  - Public Notice and 60 day comment period late Summer 2016
  - Final and effective by late Fall 2016
- Phase II Class I Operating Permit and Emission Fees
  - K.A.R. 28-19-516 & K.A.R. 28-19-517 [Revoke K.A.R. 28-19-202]
  - Propose in early 2017
  - Finalize Spring 2017
    - · Class I Permit Application & Renewal Fees effective immediately
    - Annual Emission Fees effective calendar year 2018 for 2017 emissions

### Path Forward

- Phase III Class II Operating Permit and Emission Fees
  - K.A.R. 28-19-545 & K.A.R. 28-19-546
  - Propose in Spring 2017
  - Finalize Fall 2017
    - Class II Permit Application Fees effective immediately
    - · Annual Fee effective calendar year 2018 for 2017 emissions

# K.A.R. 28-19-300 Applicability Amendments

#### Construction Permits

- Eliminate Acid Rain "affected source" language
- Clarify major source of HAPs
  - New construction or reconstruction major source of HAPS
  - Modify area source to become major source
- \* Add 10 tons per year direct  $PM_{2.5}$  emissions to significant thresholds
- Add request for Federally Enforceable Permit Condition 302(b)

#### Construction Approvals

- Clarify and define NSPS, MACT, NESHAP construction, reconstruction, modification; not just ANY change.
  - Exempt MACT Subparts: M, 4Z, and 6C
- Correct Operation Restriction under K.A.R. 28-19-302(c)

# K.A.R. 28-19-304 Proposed Amendments

#### Construction Fee Amendments

- Approvals \$750
- Permits \$4,000; \$2,000; \$1,000
  - Based on complexity of source type
- PSD and non-attainment NSR Permits
  - New permit \$10,000
  - Modification with BACT or emissions changes \$10,000;
    Otherwise \$3000
  - Refined modeling additional \$8,000
  - Application Revision additional \$5,000 per
  - Modeling Revision additional \$4,000

#### · Fiscal Rational

- Revenue from \$180,000 to ~\$300,000
- · Revenue may be used as match

# K.A.R. 28-19-516 Proposed Amendments

#### Class I Operating Permit Fee Amendments

- Initial and Renewal Fee from \$1,000 to \$3,000;
- Significant Modification Fee from \$500 to \$1,500
- General Permit Fee
  - K.A.R. 28-19-401 from \$750 to \$2,250
  - K.A.R. 28-19-403 from \$250 to \$750
- Eliminate exemption for emission fee payers

#### Fiscal Rational

- Revenue change \$17,794 to \$118,000
- Not match eligible
- · Revenue variable from year to year
- Fees stagnant for 20 years

## K.A.R. 28-19-517 Proposed Amendments

#### Annual Emission Fee Amendments

- Incorporate emission fee language for Class I sources
  - Revoke K.A.R. 28-19-202
- Increase from current \$37 to \$53 per ton
- Establish a minimum base fee of \$1,000
- Modify overpayment/refund from \$37 to \$200
- Effective calendar year 2018 for 2017 emissions

#### Fiscal Rational

- \$3.1M collected for 2015 emissions in SFY2016
- SFY2018 projected revenue increase from \$2.90M to \$4.15M

# K.A.R. 28-19-545 Proposed Amendments

#### Class II Operating Permit Fee Amendments

- Initial Fee from \$200 to \$500
- Modification Fee from \$100 to \$250
- General Petition Fee from \$750 to \$1,500
- General Application Fee from \$50 to \$100
- General Permit-by-rule Fee from \$50 to \$100

#### · Fiscal Rational

- Partially match eligible
- Revenue variable from year to year
- Fees stagnant for 20 years

# K.A.R. 28-19-546 Proposed Amendments

#### Fee Amendments

- Establish \$500 Annual Fee for Class II sources operating and emitting emissions in Kansas
- Change Inventory due date to March 1

#### · Fiscal Rational

- Revenue from \$0 to ~\$200,000
- Class II source numbers relatively stable
- Justified by significant workload
  - Inventory review
  - · Compliance assistance
  - Permitting
  - Monitoring network
- May be used for match
- Most states have Class II fees

### Final thoughts –

- Several of the options address long-standing equity issues
- Revenue for some options will be partially offset by increased collection workload
- Match is more important when 103 grant dollars merge with 105 grant
- Timing to implement different options varies considerably